

Water Allocation and the **Canterbury Land and** Water Regional Plan Aim

The Land and Water Regional Plan sets limits on the quantity of fresh water in each river or stream that can be allocated to consents to take water, the minimum flow at which water take must cease, and restrictions on water take at variable flows.



Are current consent conditions in line with these limits?

Analysis R shiny app created to identify duplicates, outliers,



Power Bl

Data Extracted from **Environment Canterbury** databases:

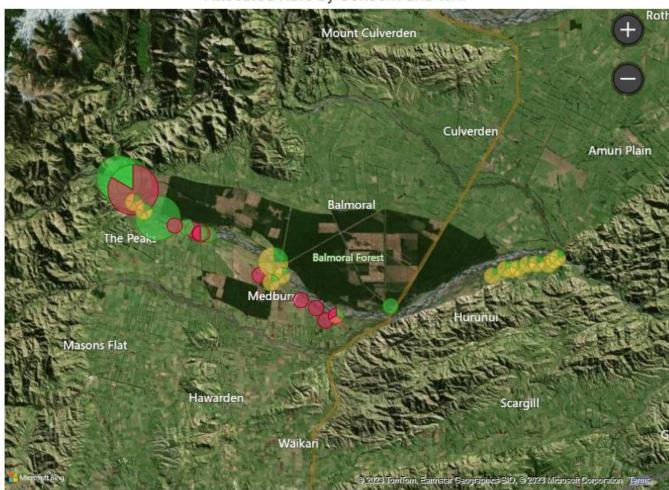
Plan Allocation Limits Plan Minimum Flow Limits Plan Partial Restrictions Water Resource Consents Low Flow Restrictions Water Abstraction

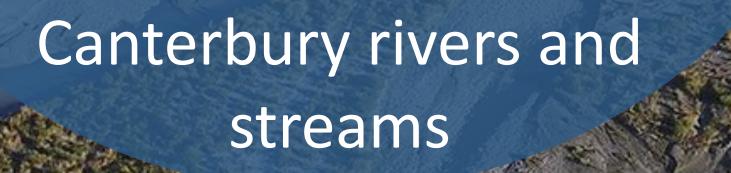
The health of our people relies on the health of our water

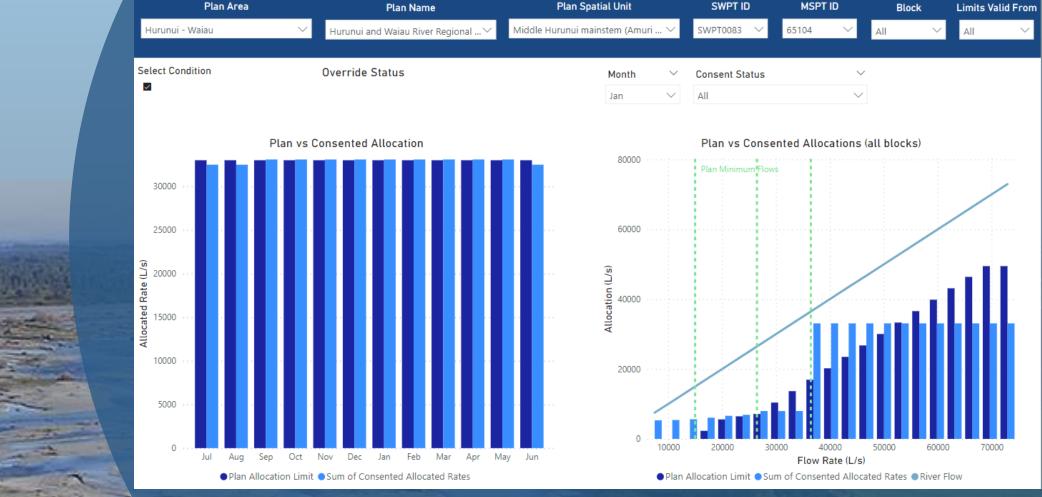
Transform Python workflow created to calculate plan allocation

missing values and inconsistencies

Interact PowerBI dashboard developed to analyse water allocation and abstraction for







and consented allocation at minimum flow limits and variable flows

Outcome

A tool for Environment Canterbury staff to analyse

and present data on plan limits, total consented allocation, allocation at variable flows and actual abstraction

Rangitata River Credit: Environment Canterbury



Master of Applied Data Science

Author: Katherine Booker

Supervisor: Phil Davies

Sponsors: Suzanne Gabites and Ilja van Nieuwpoort

Te Whare Wānanga o Waitaha CHRISTCHURCH NEW ZEALAND